

DEFENSE OF THE ISLANDS

WASHINGTON (D. C.), June 12.—The Hawaiian Promotion Committee, through its New York office, has been widely distributing an article in the issue of June 10 of Public Opinion, by Atherton Brownell, entitled "The Key to the Pacific." The Washington Post of Saturday morning had the following editorial, based on advanced copies of the article:

"Mr. Atherton Brownell, in Public Opinion, makes a plea for the immediate and adequate fortification of Hawaii, and the establishment of a naval base at Pearl Harbor, as contemplated by plans held in partial abeyance by Congress. It is pointed out that Hawaii stands in the position of an undefended pass, a source of weakness when it should be a citadel. In case of war with any naval power, and more particularly with Japan, Hawaii would naturally become the first object of attack preparatory to an assault upon the Pacific Coast. With Hawaii in her possession, Japan would have a naval and military base within 2000 miles of our mainland, and would be able not only to harass our Western coast, but to force us to loosen our grip on the Philippines."

"On the other hand, if the United States were to fortify Hawaii and establish a strong naval base there, the command of the greater part of the Pacific Ocean would be secure. No hostile fleet could cross that vast ocean and carry on operations without recoiling. The American fleet would be rendered far more mobile than any combination that could be brought against it, and consequently more effective."

"All the arguments in favor of the fortification of Hawaii are known, of course, to the military authorities and to Congress. If the War Department and Congress could have reached an understanding, appropriations would have been forthcoming, no doubt, before this time. But Congress, and especially the Senate, demanded some specific information as to the scale upon which the military authorities intended to work. It did not wish to make huge appropriations in a lump, to be expended without a detailed accounting. The War Department, on its side, insisted that information sent to Congress regarding the plans for fortifying Hawaii and other insular possessions would become known to every power in the world, thereby rendering these defenses far less formidable in the eyes of a possible enemy than they would be if their strength were unknown."

"Congress at its last session appropriated \$36,000 for the construction and equipment of seacoast batteries in the insular possessions, including Hawaii. Enough was said in both Houses to indicate that the advantage of fortifying these possessions is fully appreciated, and that sufficient funds will be forthcoming. Congress adhered to its determination to know how much money is to be allotted to each harbor, although it decided not to require the War Department to furnish details of fortification works. The provision as finally enacted is as follows: 'Hereafter all estimates for fortifications for insular possessions of the United States shall be made and submitted to Congress showing amount proposed to be expended at each harbor in each insular possession.'"

"The military authorities are thus permitted to carry on their fortification work in secret—if they can—while the people will know, in a general way, at least, what it is costing them to fortify the outlying territory of the United States. Congress has wisely abolished, even in this secretive and technical branch of the country's defense, the old haphazard plan of making lump sum appropriations."

ERNEST G. WALKER.

BUILDERS & TRADERS' EXCHANGE REMODELED

At a meeting of the Builders and Traders' Exchange held Thursday evening, the collection bureau feature of the exchange was dropped and other changes were made which will tend to place the Exchange on a more acceptable footing.

J. D. Avery is superseded by E. G. Keen as secretary, who is instructed to call for all bills against the Exchange to be sent to him immediately for settlement.

The legislative committee propose placing before the coming Board of Supervisors several bills, which have the endorsement of the Exchange and which were side-tracked in the late legislature.

Considerable discussion was had which betokened renewed interest in the affairs of the Exchange.

SMALL PAY DRIVES OUT GOOD TEACHERS

H. M. Wells, school inspector for the Maui district, has returned from a tour of two months in his territory. He found the schools in fairly good condition, though in some places it is difficult to obtain efficient teachers for the salaries offered.

"Teachers will not stay long in out of the way places," Mr. Wells says, "for \$25 to \$50 a month. Men are leaving the teaching profession for other occupations, under the present circumstances."

WHY THEY ARE HAPPY

TWO NOTABLE RECOVERIES FROM EXTREME DEBILITY.

Husband's Strength Had Been Waning for Three Years, Wife a Sufferer from Female Weakness.

"My strength had dwindled so that I couldn't apply myself to my business with any snap but was tired and listless all the time," said Mr. Goldstein. "I went to bed completely used up by my day's work, and when I got up in the morning I didn't feel rested a bit. I had awful headaches too, and my kidneys got out of order and caused me to have severe pains in the back. At one time I became so feeble that I could not stir from bed for three weeks."

Mr. Goldstein is a young man and had then but recently established a home of his own. His anxieties were increased by the fact that his wife was far from being robust. Mrs. Goldstein says:

"For two years I had been ill most of the time. Sometimes I was confined to bed for weeks in succession under a physician's care. I had headaches, kidney trouble, pain about the heart and many more uncomfortable symptoms connected with that weakness to which my sex is peculiarly subject."

Trouble had invaded this household and settled in it in just the years that ought to be the very happiest. Physicians could not tell them how to get rid of it.

"I was utterly discouraged," said Mr. Goldstein. "Then the urgency of some friends led me to try a blood and nerve remedy which was said to be wonderfully successful. Within a month there were unmistakable signs of improvement in my condition, and within a year I was completely well. Through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I have now as good health as I ever had in my life."

Mrs. Goldstein adds: "The wonderful effect that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had in the case of my husband led me to try them and they helped me even more quickly than they did him. One box made me decidedly better and a few months' treatment cured me."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best tonic and regulator, they make pure, rich blood and when there is general weakness and disorder that is what the system needs. Mr. and Mrs. H. Goldstein live at 38 Gove street, East Boston, Mass. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by druggists everywhere.

SOME AFTERMATH OF THE COUNTY CAMPAIGN

A little bit of the aftermath of the county election cropped up at the meeting of the executive committee of the County Central Committee yesterday. Attorney General Lorrin Andrews was in the chair. A vote of thanks was extended to F. T. P. Waterhouse for the able manner in which he had managed the county campaign during the last days.

On motion, a committee consisting of B. P. Zablun and Major Zeligler was appointed to look into and report upon the action of certain members of the committee who are alleged to have been false to the party in the county election.

ALL WHITE LABORERS MUST HAVE LAND

"In effect," said Secretary Atkinson yesterday, "I closed up the business that took me to the mainland before starting for home, although there were some details that remained unfinished. But I put everything properly in line. The matter of the sale of the bonds was attended to. That is, I got the promise of the necessary authorization for the refunding issue. And the sale will complete itself."

"As for the labor problem, I had consultations with the authorities, and I think that something can be done. But I do not propose to waste any money. I will profit by the past. Do you remember our experience with the Portuguese? I will recommend the coming of no white man here unless we can give him land for a homestead for himself."

KAHAULA BIDS.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 13.—Advices from Seattle state that bids for the construction of the military post at Honolulu were opened there yesterday. They were as follows: Hastie & Dugan, Seattle, \$215,650; Brigham & Hoska, Seattle, \$196,870; C. E. O'Connell, Tacoma, \$232,330; Young & Potter, bid \$19,215 on plumbing only. All bids went forward to Washington tonight.

The lowest bid offered in this city was \$252,000. Bids were also opened simultaneously in Honolulu and at Washington, D. C.

The Woman's Auxiliary Guild of St. Andrew's Cathedral will meet today, June 26th at 3:30 p. m. with Mrs. F. J. Church on the Waikiki lanai of the Hawaiian Hotel.

CARTER IS DETERMINED

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

"The letter that contained my resignation was mailed on the 19th of June," said Governor Carter yesterday, "before anybody could have known how the election was to result."

"There has been no pressure directly brought upon me to reconsider my determination. I should say that the thing to do now is for the people of Hawaii to get together and crystallize sentiment upon a successor."

"I shall not go back into business. In fact, I do not think that I will engage in anything for awhile. But there is plenty to be done. I will find no lack of occupation, when I want to put on the harness again."

The whole tone of the Governor's conversation was one of finality, so far as his resignation was concerned. He will leave for the mainland on the Alameda next Wednesday, and will go directly to Washington. As a matter of fact, Governor Carter had the air yesterday of a man who has laid down a burden, and who feels the relief which comes of that.

SECRETARY ATKINSON.

"I do not know what will follow," said Secretary Atkinson, who returned from Washington yesterday, but who had been advised before leaving the mainland that Governor Carter might resign in certain eventualities. Mr. Atkinson was not surprised, therefore, at the condition which he found here—nor was he exactly pleased. "I feel that I have given up much," said the Secretary. "It is not as though the administration had been a failure. It has not been. We have accomplished much. A great deal has been done that will count in the years to come."

The Secretary would not say anything upon it, but he was clearly not altogether willing to concede that the action of Governor Carter was final, or beyond reconsideration. He is fresh from talking with President Roosevelt, and perhaps he has knowledge that he is not entirely willing to confide to the public.

There are others, moreover, who are disinclined to accept the action of Governor Carter as final. Indeed, it is probable that a strong movement will be made at Washington to induce President Roosevelt not to accept Carter's resignation. How much weight this movement may have, it is of course impossible to say. It will be at least a month before anything will be announced from Washington.

BUSINESS MEN TO PROTEST.

W. O. Smith, on being asked regarding any probable action of the large business organizations relative to the Governor's resignation, replied:

"There will be meetings of all three organizations—the Chamber of Commerce, the Merchants' Association and the Planters' Association trustees—to take the matter under consideration."

"Each will hold its own meeting, though the organizations may act through a joint committee, to pass resolutions or by some other means convey to President Roosevelt the sense of the business community as being against the acceptance of Governor Carter's resignation."

"No, I cannot say what time may have been fixed for any of the meetings, but they will be held inclusively from today until Monday. I may say that everybody who has spoken to me on the subject today, and that means a great many business men, has expressed deepest regret that Governor Carter should intend or contemplate resigning his office."

The Chamber of Commerce meeting for the purpose has been called for Monday at 10 a. m.

AS TO THE SUCCESSION.

The Governor will talk of no future which does not take into account the presence of somebody else in the chair that he now occupies. And so, it is timely to discuss the succession, as is being done all over town wherever two men get together. As was predicted would be the case, the friends of Henry E. Cooper were insistent yesterday in advancing his name for consideration in connection with the Governorship.

But there are others. Late in the afternoon, a tale ran through the town that H. P. Baldwin of Maui would accept the position, in spite of the fact that he is believed to have refused to consider it a couple of weeks ago, if a practical unanimity should be shown in the desire for him to take it. Mr. Baldwin's family, it is true, would probably oppose the movement, thinking that he should take a rest, nevertheless it was thought he would yield to a public call. It was said by those who urged his name that Mr. Baldwin would have the support and advice of such men as Sanford B. Dole and others of the older time, that the younger men would rally to him, and that the general public would have the utmost confidence in him. Then, the position could be made easier for him than it has been for Carter, and his own disposition would lead him to avoid many antagonisms.

OTHER POSSIBILITIES.

And nearly all that was said in behalf of Mr. Baldwin was likewise said in behalf of W. O. Smith. He could command the advice of the men of the older time, the younger men would rally to him, and he would have the entire public confidence. Mr. Smith is not in the most robust health, nevertheless the faith was expressed in quarters well posted that he would accept if the call were sufficiently urgent. Mr. Smith has always been ready to sacrifice himself to recognized public duty.

Another name that received hearty recognition was that of Frank B. McStocker. Mr. McStocker is a man of affairs. He has always taken an interest in public matters, and shown a comprehensive grasp of every situation. He is one of the most capable organizers in the Territory, and he has the confidence of the business interests, of the older men and of the entire community. He would fill the Governor's chair as a strong man, who would be at the same time a Republican tried by all tests.

The name of Speaker Eric Knudsen of Kauai has also been mentioned but Mr. Knudsen, like the Secretary, has not reached the statutory age.

DEPARTMENT HEADS.

"I suppose I will go out," said Attorney-General Lorrin Andrews yesterday. "No matter who is Governor, it will only be decent for the heads of departments to place their resignations in his hands. He will be entitled to a clean sweep."

"Yes," remarked Superintendent of Public Works Holloway, "I guess we will all be looking for jobs."

FROM THE RECORDS.

Men were talking, yesterday, of some of the things that had been accomplished for the Territory by the Carter administration. It was said, in the first place that the administration had established the judiciary upon a basis where it commands and receives public confidence.

It found \$600,000 in warrants outstanding, with no means of payment. The territorial government has been run within its income for the last year—which is much—and those warrants have been taken up, so that its finances are now on a sound and substantial basis.

It has expended two millions of dollars in lasting public improvements, and placed the credit of the Territory so high that it can sell bonds now at four per cent, and find a ready sale for them, placing its credit on a par with that of the most highly rated states.

It has raised the standard of integrity among public officials.

It has secured the establishment of the United States Leper Hospital on Molokai for the scientific study of that disease, and so has taken the first step toward the removal of one of the saddest afflictions under which the people have labored. That is one of the most beneficent things that was ever accomplished for any community.

It has secured money for the improvement of the harbors of Honolulu and Hilo, and paved the way for more work along the same lines by the national government.

The records will disclose more than this and, although it will likewise show some mistakes, this is not a record of failure.

QUARANTINE WHARF.

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 12.—Acting on cable advices from Hawaii Secretary Atkinson has been consulting with Gen. Alexander McKenzie, chief of engineers in the War Department, Assistant Surgeon General W. J. Pettus of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, and the Supervising Architect of the Treasury, James K. Taylor about the proposed change in the harbor lines at Honolulu and the proposed new quarantine wharf. He stated this evening his belief that he has the matter arranged so that there will be the least possible delay and that this delay will, in any event, not be of long duration.

Gen. McKenzie, at the situation had been explained to him, said he was willing to cooperate with all concerned so as to cause the least possible inconvenience to the Marine Hospital Service in the construction of its new quarantine wharf. The bids for the new wharf are expected here in the course of a few days, Governor Carter in a cablegram, having confirmed the information available here about the opening. At first Dr. Pettus, who is the acting surgeon general in the absence of Dr. Wyman on his trip to Hawaii, thought that the delay would necessarily be about six or eight months. Mr. Atkinson is certain it will be much less than that. Mr. Taylor has consented to telegraph to San Francisco to have the new specifications prepared there at once, as soon as the information about the harbor lines is available. The Marine Hospital Service is desirous of having the wharf constructed as speedily as possible and all the officials mentioned are willing to cooperate towards this end.

Mr. Atkinson stated this afternoon that he expected to have the entire matter well arranged, within a day or two, as far as it is possible to arrange it. Dr. Pettus has written an urgent letter to Mr. Taylor, setting forth the situation and asking that the new situation be dealt with as speedily as possible.

KUHIO CRITICIZED.

At the Marine Hospital offices some uncomplimentary things are being said just now about Delegate Kalaniana'ole. When the appropriation was made towards the end of the session of Congress for Honolulu harbor, the officials of the Marine Hospital service saw an important opportunity to cooperate with the War Department in certain work of filling on quarantine island. They wrote to the Hawaiian delegate about the matter, calling his attention to the situation and asking if he would not consult with them about it. The charge is made that the Delegate never even answered the letter.

Secretary Atkinson has been busy most of the past week with business pertaining to the loan. He has been going over the legal questions involved, with the Assistant Attorney General for the Interior Department and with Mr. W. B. Acker, the chief of the miscellaneous division, which handles, under the direction of the Secretary, all business pertaining to the islands. The delay on the part of territorial officials in sending certain promised papers by the steamer following the one on which he sailed, has annoyed Mr. Atkinson very much and has seriously handicapped him in the prosecution of his errand here, with reference to negotiating the sale of the refunding bonds. He has been going ahead to the best of his ability without these papers, which have not yet arrived. They include an authoritative statement covering all the points of the legislation authorizing the refunding of the bonds. That abstract, proving to the satisfaction of good legal minds, that the legislation was complete in every particular, is indispensable before the secretary's work can be completed.

BUT HE CAME.

He has just received a cablegram from Governor Carter, expressing the hope that he (Atkinson) could return by the China. Mr. Atkinson replied that it would be impossible. He said this evening that he would not conclude his business here inside of two weeks. It might take longer than that. He has been further delayed this week by the absence of the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Shaw. At this season of the year Department officials are not diligent about remaining at their desks. This fact greatly retards the transaction of business in the Departments, where there are always numerous delays even when the officials are on hand.

A request has been made of Attorney General Moody to allow the territory of Hawaii to bring a friendly suit to recover rent of its public buildings for the United States Court. Mr. Moody has not yet reached a decision. The papers bearing upon the situation, have been forwarded here and placed before Mr. Moody.

Secretary Atkinson has had three or four conferences, of considerable length, during the last ten days with President Roosevelt. It is known that these conferences have been about Hawaiian matters. One of them, in which the President, Acting Secretary of State Loomis, Secretary of Commerce and Labor Metcalf and Mr. Atkinson participated, at the close of the cabinet meeting early last week, was prolonged. Mr. Atkinson was asked for the Advertiser the subject under consideration there.

"I should like to tell you," he replied, "if it were expedient. But for the present I am unable to discuss the matter."

JACK SCORES AGAINST TEDDY.

A humorous incident of one of Mr. Atkinson's conversations with the President a few days ago is told in inside circles around the White House offices. The President's vivacious manner of speech and his ability to keep up his own end of a conversation are well understood here in Washington. Whether the President had been telling Mr. Atkinson more about Hawaii than Mr. Atkinson had been telling the President can not be said. But it is the President's custom to take his shave every afternoon, as soon as he returns to the White House offices from his luncheon. When he is

CRUMBS FOR TERRITORY

"I am not certain that Hawaii will get much in the way of appropriations from Congress next winter, especially for naval and military works, for the Federal Government seems to have its attention centered only on Subig Bay in the Philippines."

William H. Haywood, representative of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association at Washington, made the foregoing statement yesterday. Mr. Haywood, with Mrs. Haywood and two children, arrived on the China and took apartments at the Alexander Young Hotel, where they will remain for about a month before continuing their voyage to the Orient. Mr. Haywood is taking a long sea trip for his health.

Mr. Haywood says that the President has mapped out a long program of legislation for Congress and its attention next session will be absorbed with large matters, and possibly Hawaii may not share largely in the distribution of the national coin. What it would get would probably be crumbs.

Mr. Haywood said he was somewhat surprised to learn of Governor Carter's determination to resign. Had he known such a contingency was to arise he might have remained in Washington, where his services or advice might have been of some use.

There was, of course, rumor that Mr. Haywood was a possible candidate for the gubernatorial chair, but he says he is not eligible and therefore cannot be considered. He stated that he had heard rumors before leaving Washington that Governor Carter might resign, but even then when confronted with the Advertiser's news of the resignation, he confessed himself startled.

Mr. Haywood said that Hawaii appeared to be in good standing financially with eastern capitalists, judging especially by the success of Secretary Atkinson's recent mission in placing the territory's bonds.

BUYS AN OAKLAND HOME.

OAKLAND, June 12.—August Haneberg, a wealthy planter from Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands, has purchased the three-story home of Prof. and Mrs. J. P. Garlick, corner Baya Vista and Oakland avenues.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Haneberg, who are at present guests at the Hotel Metro-pole, intend to go back in the fall to spend the winter in the islands and will be back next spring to take up their permanent home here. Mr. and Mrs. Haneberg have many friends in Oakland and all of them are rejoiced at their decision.

SCHOOL STOCK-TAKING.

Superintendent Davis is having the records of school lots and lands tabulated in a book for reference. There are dozens of patents issued by King Kalakaua on the opening page. Another work of tabulation in progress is a list of all the certificates and diplomas issued to teachers since September, 1887, when the public school system had begun to share in the benefits of that year's political revolution.

OLD RESIDENT DIES.

J. A. Rodney, a sugar boiler by trade, died at the family residence, 723 South King street, shortly before midnight. He had been sick for a couple of weeks from a complication of diseases. Mr. Rodney was well known to old timers in Honolulu. A widow survives him. The funeral will be held on Sunday afternoon.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

This remedy is everywhere acknowledged to be the most successful medicine in use for Bowel Complaints. It always cures, and cures quickly. It can be depended upon even in the most severe and dangerous cases. Cures griping, all kinds of diarrhoea, and at the first unusual looseness of the bowels should be taken. Sold by all Dealers and Druggists, Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

The Maui News is authorized to state that the steam laundry project for Maui is a certainty. Manager Hartman is now on the coast purchasing the necessary machinery, which will be installed immediately on arrival.

pressed for time he occasionally takes a caller, with whom he is on intimate terms, into the office while the barber is at work.

As the story is related, there was a strange light in Secretary Atkinson's eye, when the President leaned back in the chair to allow the barber to apply the blade. He began to talk a blue streak. In the ten minutes and more while the razor was on the Presidential features Secretary Atkinson is said to have relieved his mind of a volume of information he wanted the President to know. He told it without interruption. Mr. Roosevelt appreciated the alertness of the Hawaiian Secretary. It is reported that he enjoyed the humor of the situation quite as much as did the Secretary.

Mr. and Mrs. William Haywood left Washington Saturday evening, June 10, for San Francisco, expecting to sail for Honolulu on the steamship China.

As one of my previous letters stated would probably happen, the talk about abandoning an extra session of Congress in the autumn has begun in force. The President is credited with having now practically given up the idea, thinking it wiser to leave Congress to do its work in the time regularly allotted annually. One is not safe in making absolute predictions, but the best informed people here think Congress will not convene before December.

ERNEST G. WALKER.